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A brief account of the key events in English history. The Romans controlled most of present-day England and Wales, and founded a large number of cities that still exist today. London, York, St Albans, Bath, Exeter, Lincoln, Leicester, Worcester, Gloucester, Chichester, Winchester, Colchester, Manchester, Chester, Lancaster, were all Roman towns, as in fact were all the cities with names now ending in -chester, -cester or -caster, which derive from Latin castrum ("fortification"). He also happened to be gay, which led to his imprisonment and tragic murder by his wife and her lover (see Gloucester). 14th & 15th centuries : Hundred Years’ War & War of the Roses.
Relationships between England and Scotland were similar to those between England and Wales, but the Scots had a greater degree of independence. Edward I had made several military raids to the Northern kingdom, seized the national treasure—the Stone of Destiny from the Scone Abbey (1296) but had failed to subdue the Scots. Edward I who had been called "the Hammer of Scots" died not far from the border of Scotland during his last abortive campaign to defeat the Scots. The rule of his son, Edward II (1307-1327) is traditionally characterized as a great failure of the hereditary princ. It examines punishment before imprisonment and why imprisonment came to be used instead. It probes the successes and failures of the penitentiary and looks into efforts to find alternative means of punishment. ( ) AlexTheHunn | Nov 30, 2005 | Published reviews. no reviews | add a review. Å–¾Other authors. Å–¾Add other authors. Å–¾Work-to-work relationships. view history. Å–¾Common Knowledge. You must log in to edit Common Knowledge data. For more help see the Common Knowledge help page. Â— References to this work on external resources. Wikipedia in English. None. Å–¾LibraryThing members' description. Start by marking ÅœImprisonment in England and Wales: A Concise HistoryÅœ as Want to Read: Want to Read saving… Want to Read. Â— Let us know what Åœs wrong with this preview of Imprisonment in England and Wales by Christopher Harding. Problem: It Åœs the wrong book It Åœs the wrong edition Other.
In England and Wales, life imprisonment is a sentence which lasts until the death of the prisoner, although in most cases the prisoner will be eligible for parole (officially termed "early release") after a fixed period set by the judge. This period is known as the "minimum term" (previously known as the whole life "tariff"). In some exceptionally grave cases, however, a judge may order that a life sentence should mean life by making a "whole life order."